



# A Dichotomy for Homomorphism-Closed Queries on Probabilistic Graphs

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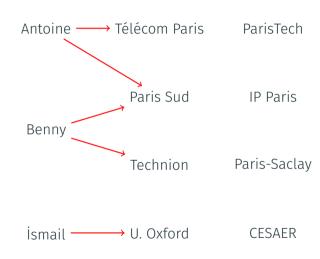
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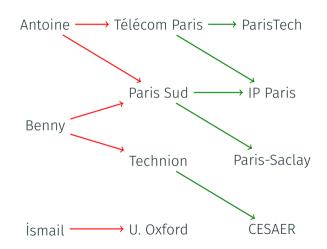
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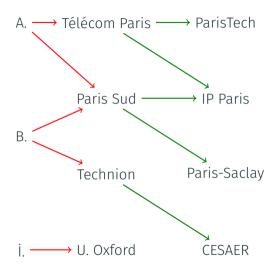
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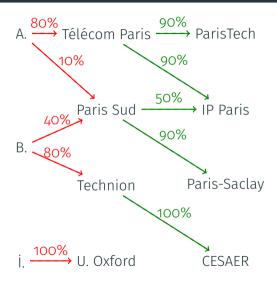
In this talk, we manage data represented as a labeled graph

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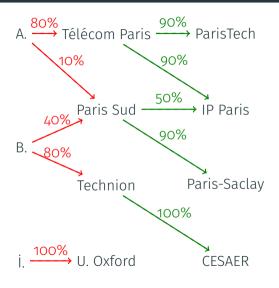
→ **Problem:** we are not **certain** about the true state of the data



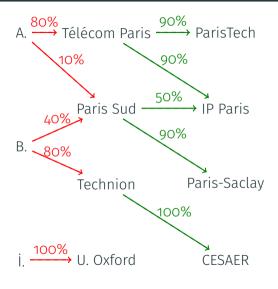
- Uncertain data model: TID, for tuple-independent database
- Each fact (edge) carries a probability



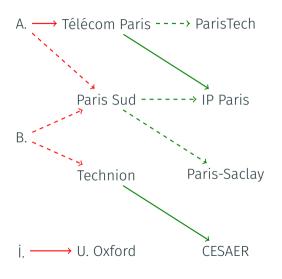
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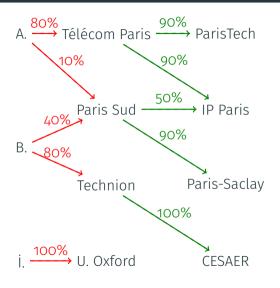
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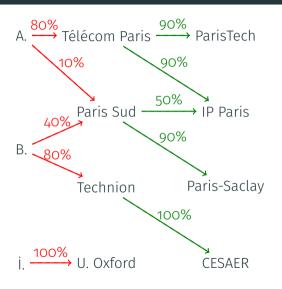
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- Possible world W: subset of facts
- Probability of W:

$$\Pr(W) = \left(\prod_{F \in W} \Pr(F)\right) \times \left(\prod_{F \notin W} \left(1 - \Pr(F)\right)\right)$$

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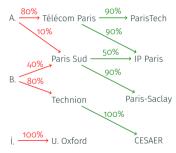
They generalize CQs and UCQs, but also regular path queries (RPQs), Datalog, etc.

Here is the problem PQE(Q):

• We fix a query  $Q: x \longrightarrow y \longrightarrow z$ 

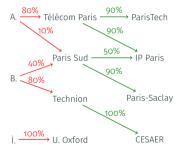
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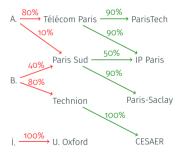
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- We fix a query  $Q: x \longrightarrow y \longrightarrow z$
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- The **output** is the **probability** that the query is true
- $\rightarrow$  Question: What is the complexity of PQE(Q) depending on the query Q?

Existing dichotomy on the unions of conjunctive queries (UCQs):

## Theorem [Dalvi and Suciu, 2012]

- Some UCQs Q are safe and PQE(Q) is in PTIME
- All others are unsafe and PQE(Q) is #P-hard

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For any query Q closed under homomorphisms:

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So **bad news**: all homomorphism-closed queries are **hard** except safe UCQs

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Thanks for your attention!

#### References i

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